

SECTION 1: SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE IDENTIFICATION AND MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product identification ACRYLIC PRIMER SET 4:1 HS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Acrylic primer (component A) to be applied with a spray gun. For professional use in car refinish.

1.3. Data of the safety data sheet supplier

Przedsiębiorstwo RANAL Sp. z o.o.

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Person responsible for the safety data sheet: ranal@ranal.pl

1.4. Emergency telephone

+48 34 329 45 03 (from 8.00 am to 03.00 pm)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture was classified as dangerous according to current regulations – see section 15 material safety data sheet.

Classification 1272/2008/EC:

Causes skin irritation, hazard category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2). Causes skin irritation. Flammable liquids, hazard category 2 (Flam. Liq. 2). Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

2.2. Label elements

Contains: xylene, isobutyl-methyl ketone

Pictograms:



Warning word: Danger.

Risk index:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.

Safety index:

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P312 Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

2.3. Other hazards

No data.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

Product identification ACRYLIC PRIMER SET 4:1 HS



Dangerous components:		
EC: 215-535-7	Xylene	10-15%
CAS: 1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226; Acute Tox. 4; H332; Acute Tox. 4;	
Index no: 601-022-00-9	H312; Skin Irrit.2; H315	
Registration no: 01-2119457861-32-XXXX		
EC: 204-658-1	Butyl acetate	10-15%
CAS: 123-86-4	Flam. Liq. 3; H226; STOT SE 3; H336; EUH066	
Index no: 607-025-00-1		
Registration no: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX		
EC: 203-550-1	Isobutyl-methyl ketone	5-7%
CAS: 108-10-1	Flam. Liq. 2; H225; Acute Tox. 4; H332; Eye Irrit. 2; H319;	
Index no: 606-004-00-4	STOT SE 3; H335; EUH066	
Registration no: 01-2119473980-30-XXXX		

Full text of the phrases identifying the types of hazard and R phrases provided in section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures:

General information:

See section 11 of the Material Safety Data Sheet.

Respiratory tract:

Take the victim outside to the fresh air, ensure quiet surrounding, in case of no breath perform artificial respiration. **Call a doctor.**

Skin:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse contaminated skin with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 min. If irritation persists consult a doctor.

Eyes:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for about 15 min, avoid strong water jet- risk of comea damage, consult a doctor.

Alimentary tract:

Do not cause vomiting (choking risk). Rinse mouth with water. If conscious, administer 1-2 glasses of warm water. Call a doctor. Person giving first aid should wear medical gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms both acute and delayed

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4.3. Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Special measures allowing for specialist and immediate aid should be available in the place of work.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Powder, foam resistant to alcohols, carbon dioxide, water mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases may be generated in case of fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting teams should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and light protective clothing. Cool adjacent tanks by spraying water from a safe distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency measures

For persons not being members of aid giving staff:

Remove ignition sources. Ensure sufficient ventilation of the room. Avoid direct contact with the released substance. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Personal safety measures – see section 8 of Material Safety Data Sheet.



For persons being the members of aid giving staff:

Persons giving aid should wear protective clothing made of coated impregnated fabric, protective gloves (viton), tight protective glasses and breathing apparatus: gas mask with A type absorber.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up.

Stop the leakage (close the liquid inflow, seal), place damaged container in an emergency container, remove the liquid mechanically and place it in an emergency container. In case of large leakage embank the area. In case of small amounts, collect with the use of a binding agent (e.g. mica, diatomaceous earth, sand).

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal protection measures – see section 8 of the Sheet. Disposal considerations – see section 13 of the Sheet.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE OF SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil. Use only in well ventilated rooms. Do not smoke. Do not inhale vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Use personal protection measures – see section 8 of the Sheet.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in well sealed original containers. Do not store near large amounts of organic peroxides or other strong oxidants. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Store in cool, well ventilated rooms. Protect from low temperatures, the sunrays and heat sources.

7.3. Szczególne zastosowanie(-a) końcowe

Acrylic primer (component A) to be applied with a spray gun. For professional use in car body refinish taking into consideration the information included in subsections 7.1 and 7.2 of the sheet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION MEASURES

8.1. Control parameters

Components with established limit values requiring monitoring in workplaces:				
123-86-4 Butyl acetate				
MPC	MPIC: 950 mg/m ³			
	MPC: 200 mg/m ³			
1330-	20-7 Xylene			
MPC	MPIC: mg/m ³			
	MPC: 100 mg/m ³			
108-1	0-1 Isobutyl-methyl ke	etone		
MPC	MPIC: 83 mg/m ³			
	MPC: 200 mg/m ³			
National acceptable biological values:				
1330-	20-7 Xylene			
SUBSTANCE MARKED		methyl hippuric acid		
BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL		urine*		
PCB VALUES		0,75 g/g creatinine		
Notice:	* single sample, taken a	at the end of a daily exposure any day.		

PN-EN 482: 2012 Occupational exposure – General requirements for the characteristics of procedures of measurements of chemical factors.

PN-EN-689: 2002. Workplace atmospheres. Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values.

PN Z-04008-7:2002 Protection of air cleanliness. Sampling. Principles of air sampling in the work environment and interpretation of results.



8.2. Exposure control

Respiratory tract protection:



Gas mask with A type absorber (EN 141).

Hand protection:

Protective gloves PN-EN 374-3 (viton, 0,7 mm thick, penetration time > 480 min, nitryl rubber, 0,4 mm thick, penetration time >30 min).

Eye protection: Tight protective glasses.

Skin protection:



Proper protective clothing (coated, impregnated fabrics).

Workplace:

Fixed fume extraction and general ventilation.

Environmental exposure control:

Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Colour according to specification Odour strong, powerful **Odour threshold** pН not applicable Melting /freezing point not applicable **Boiling point** 114°C Flash point 14°C Autoignition point about 435°C **Breakdown point** not specified **Evaporation rate** not specified Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable **Explosion limits** Vapour pressure Vapour density (with regard to air) Density Solubility (in water) poor n-octanol/water partition coefficient **Kinematic viscosity** not applicable **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** not applicable

0.9-9 mg/m³ (xylene) % bottom: 1.1 vol%, top: 8.0 vol% (xylene) 13 hPa (20°C) (butyl acetate) 4.0 (butyl acetate) about 1.5 g/cm³ (20°C) 1.85 (butyl acetate) 5000 mm²/s (40°C)

9.2. Other information No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Product not reactive under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Product stabile under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases may be generated as a result of thermal decomposition.



10.4. Conditions to be avoided

Highly flammable product. Avoid contact with strong oxidants, peroxides, strong acids and bases. Avoid generation and accumulation of static electricity. Protect from the influence of sunrays and heat sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with large amounts of organic peroxides, strong acids and bases, as well as other strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

a) Acute toxicity

Xylene	
LD ₅₀ (rat, ingestion)	4300 mg/kg
LC50 (rat, inhalation)	5000 ppm/4h
LD_{50} (rabbit, skin)	1700 mg/kg

Butyl acetate LD₅₀ (rat, ingestion) LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation) LD₅₀ (rabbit, skin)

10768 mg/kg 390 ppm/4h 17600 mg/kg

Isobutyl-methyl ketoneLD50 (rat, ingestion)2080 mg/kgLC50 (rat, inhalation)100 mg/m³

b) Caustic/irritating effect on skin

Causes skin irritation.

c) Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No available data confirming the hazard class.

d) Allergic effects on skin or respiratory tract

The mixture is not classified as allergenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

e) Mutagenic effect on germ cells

The mixture is not classified as mutagenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

f) Carcinogenicity

The mixture is not classified as carcinogenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

g) Harmful effect on reproduction

The mixture is not classified as harmful to reproduction. No available data confirming the hazard class.

h) Toxic effect on target organs - single exposure

No available data confirming the hazard class.

i) Toxic effect on target organs – repeated exposure

No available data confirming the hazard class.

j) Aspiration hazard

No available data confirming the hazard class.

Exposure methods: Respiratory tract: Possible irritating effect. Skin: Causes skin irritation. Eyes: Possible irritating effect. If swallowed the substance may cause irritation of the alimentary tract, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Poisoning symptoms:

Headaches and dizziness, fatigue, decreased muscle power, drowsiness and in exceptional instances loss of consciousness. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

12.1. Toxicity

Xylene Daphnia magna EC50 (48 hours) Acute toxicity for mammals: Number in catalogue of water hazardous substances: Water hazard class:	7.4 mg/l 3; for fish: 4.1 206 2
Butyl acetate Number in catalogue of water hazardous substances: Water hazard class:	42 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Butyl acetate Biodegradability: 98% (closed bottle test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Butyl acetate

Biodegradation coefficient: BCF=3,1

12.4. Mobility in soil

Very poorly soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other hazardous effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Pass to the entities authorized to collection, recover or disposal of wastes. The product must be disposed of in compliance with the proper local and statutory regulations with regard to waste - see point 15. Product remains:

Waste code: 08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances. Do not dispose the product into the sewage system. Do not store with communal waste. Remove the remains of the mixture carefully and harden with the use of the proper B component, a (waste) hardener from the set. Hardened product is not harmful waste.

CAUTION: harden the remains in small portions away from flammable products. High amounts of heat are released during chemical reaction.

Contaminated container:

A contaminated container containing unhardened remains of the product is harmful waste. Waste code: 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances (e.g. pesticides of I and II class of toxicity very toxic and toxic). Do not store with communal waste. The contaminated container should be disposed with entities which are authorized to collection, recover o disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name PAINT

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14.3. Transport hazard class (es)
3
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14.4. Packaging group

III



14.5. Environmental hazards

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Do not transport together with products of class 1 (except products of class 1.4S), and some products of class 4.1 and 5.2. During the transport avoid direct contact with products of class 5.1 and 5.2. Do not use an open flame and do not smoke.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 Convention and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislations specific for the substance or mixture

• Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC. Official Journal of EU L 136 of May 29 2007. Official Journal of EU L 304 of November 22 2007, Official Journal of EU L268 of October 09 2008, Official Journal of EU L 46 of February 17 2009, Official Journal of EU L164 of June 26 2009, Official Journal of EU L133/1 of May 31 2010 with later amendments.

• Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Official Journal of EU L 132 of May 29 2015.

• Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Official Journal of EU L 353 of December 31 2008); Official Journal of EU L 235 of September 5 2009, Official Journal of EU L 83 of March 30 2011, Official Journal of EU L 179 of July 11 2012, Official Journal of EU L 149 of June 1 2013, Official Journal of EU L 261 of October 3 2013, Official Journal of EU L 167 of June 2014, Official Journal of EU L 197 of July 25 2015.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not performed.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of the phrases identifying the types of hazards and R phrases mentioned in sections 2-15:

Flam. Lig. 2/3 Flammable liquids, cat. 2/3. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapours. Flammable liquid and vapours. H226 STOT SE 3 Toxic effect on target organs - single exposure, cat. 3. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336 Acute toxicity, cat. 4. Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled. Harmful In contact with skin. H312 Caustic /irritating effect on skin, cat. 2. Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation (cat. 2). Eye Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/ eye irritation, cat. 2. H319 Causes eye irritation. EUH066 Repeated exposure May cause skin dryness or cracking.

Explanations of the abbreviations and acronyms used in the Material Safety Data Sheet:

CAS No – numerical symbol ascribed to a chemical substance by the American organization Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS).

EC No – a number ascribed to a chemical substance in the European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS), or a number in the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances mentioned in "No-longer polymers" publication (EINECS)

MPC - maximum permissible concentration of health hazardous substances in the work place.

MPIC – maximum permissible instantaneous concentration.

MPCC – maximum permissible ceiling concentration.

PCB – permissible concentration in biological material

UN number – four-digit identification number of a substance, preparation or product pursuant to UN model regulations **ADR** – European Agreement Concerning International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IMO – International Marine Organization.

RID – Regulation for international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.

IMDG-Code – International code of dangerous goods.

ICAO /IATA - Technical Instructions for Safe Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Air.



Classification based on calculation method according to classification rules included in Regulation 1272/2008/EC Other data sources: **ECHA** European Chemicals Agency **TOXNET** Toxicology Data Network

Changes in the sheet: General update.

Sheet number: 0P1L0817V2.